

## MADAME CAILLAUX WEEPS IN THE DOCK

Declares She Profoundly Regrets Shooting M. Calmette, Editor of Figaro.

### STORIES FAIL TO TALLY

Woman Endeavors to Explain by Saying She Had No Dinner and Lost Her Head.

PARIS, March 26.—With a cry of indignation during her cross-examination by Magistrate Boucard today at the preliminary inquiry into the killing of M. Calmette, Madame Caillaux reminded the magistrate how the Figaro had baited her husband about the "Thy Joe" letter. She then began to weep. "I regret profoundly the consequences of my act," said the witness amid her tears. "I would prefer a thousand times that the campaign had continued rather than I should have killed M. Calmette. It is impossible to find in my act another cause than that which I have given."

### Magistrate's Question.

"Why did you buy a revolver?" Henri Boucard, the examining magistrate, asked Madame Caillaux.

"Why did you buy a revolver?" asked Boucard. "If your object in calling on Calmette was to talk about letters which you feared would be published?"

"I was prepared for eventualities," was the reply. "If he did not give me satisfaction I meant to shoot him and create a scandal."

### Lost Her Head.

"I lost all idea of the object of my visit when I entered his office. My voice seemed stifled. A fear took hold of me which even today is inexplicable. I lost my head and fired," replied Madame Caillaux.

M. Boucard reminded Madame Caillaux that her statements to him were inconsistent with those made to the police commissary an hour after the shooting had occurred.

Madame Caillaux replied: "That may well be. I had had no luncheon or dinner. This fact and the emotion which overpowered me made it impossible for me to give the commissary a coherent explanation. I meant to shoot if M. Calmette gave me no satisfaction, but I did not mean to kill him."

Examined as to why she had practiced pistol shooting, Madame Caillaux replied: "I did not practice with the object of learning to shoot, but merely to familiarize myself with the working of the automatic pistol."

## RUN-DOWN FOR YEARS

Strength Restored by Vinol.

Strength and even life itself depends upon nourishment and proper assimilation of food and drink. Digestion is good the whole body suffers. Mrs. C. W. Busby of Mountville, W. Va., says: "For years I was in a weakened, run-down condition, and I could not find anything that would help me. Vinol was recommended and I tried it. Before I finished the first bottle I was better. I continued its use and am as well as ever. I have gotten several neighbors to take Vinol with the same result."

We know the great power of Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic without oil, in building up all weak, run-down persons, and for chronic coughs, colds and pulmonary trouble, and that is why we guarantee to return your money if it does not help you. Druehl & Frank, druggists, "The Busy Corner," also the old stand, 271 South Main street, Salt Lake.

P. S. Our Sazo Salve is truly wonderful for eczema. We guarantee it. (Advertisement.)

## SATURDAY SPECIALS!

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3 PKGS. CREAM OF WHEAT.....45c  
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POTATOES, PER BUSHEL.....\$1.50

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SUGAR, per sack.....\$4.00  
POTATOES, per peck.....20c  
Straight grade flour, per sack.....\$1.10  
Best Ham, per lb.....15c  
Straight grade flour, per sack.....\$1.10  
Breakfast Bacon, per lb.....20c  
Salt Bacon, per lb.....17c  
3 large cans Segro Lily milk.....25c  
Tomatoes, Peas, Corn.....3 cans 25c

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## MILITANTS BREAK UP COUNCIL MEETING

One of the Worst Scenes of Disorder in the Suffragette Movement.

### LONDON, March 26.—An extraordinary

suffragette disturbance occurred today at a meeting of the Poplar borough council, which had voted adversely to giving council halls for suffragette meetings.

With shouts of "forward" and other offensive epithets, a large number of women invaded that section of the hall reserved for the councilors. Bombs containing evil-smelling chemicals were exploded by the scores and bags of flour and stones were flung at the members. The councilors were soon struggling with the infuriated women, many of whom were armed with bludgeons and bottles. Shrieks and shouts, the smashing of glass and the splintering of chairs completed one of the worst scenes of pandemonium in the history of the suffragette movement. The police, for some reason, refrained from interference.

The mayor retained the chair in a vain endeavor to resume the council proceedings, but finally the council beat a retreat, leaving the women in possession of the hall, with a few Socialist members of the council, who remained to hear speeches delivered by Miss Zella Emerson of Jackson, Mich., and others.

While Miss Emerson was speaking, the council ventured to return to the chamber, but the public from the chamber for three months.

George Lansbury, a member of the council and a strong supporter of the militant movement, merely protested against this proceeding as irregular, and then the town clock, books and papers to the floor, amid cheers from the suffragettes. The council meeting then adjourned.

## FAMOUS THEATRICAL MANAGER DROPS DEAD

B. F. Keith Dies Suddenly of Valvular Heart Trouble at Hotel in Florida.

### By International News Service.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 26.—On the twentieth anniversary of the opening of his Boston house, which was being celebrated today in the city, B. F. Keith, owner of the theater circuit bearing his name, dropped dead at midnight tonight in the Breakers hotel here, where he was staying with his wife and Paul Keith, his son.

Death was due to valvular heart trouble and came instantly. During the evening Mr. Keith was discussing the growth of vaudeville as evolved from the start he gave it in 1883 with his family in their rooms. His son, Paul, who has been in the theater business since 1901, was in the room and the conversation was continued in the morning. He then went from the room. When he returned a few minutes later, his father was dead. Dr. Foster Bush of Boston, an old personal friend and family physician, was in an adjoining room.

## DEFENDANT IS GIVEN SCORING BY JUDGE

Special to The Tribune.

BUTTE, Mont., March 26.—"Thank God I have no daughters whom I allow to go to dances where human scorpions of your caliber plan to get out of respect to me," said Judge McGowan today in sentencing Joseph McGowan, a young musician, who recently came here from Salt Lake City to pay \$200 and serve fifty days in jail for a misdemeanor.

"There are human reptiles in Butte and you are one of them. You should be the police dog, who you would not have attracted to our women."

"But my young wife in Salt Lake; what will she do?" asked McGowan.

"She is better off without you; you should have thought of her before," said the judge.

The police say that McGowan's bride, the Butte girl, recently employed in a Butte store, eloped with McGowan, whom she met at a dance, and has now gone back to her parents in Salt Lake. The police allege that a woman with whom McGowan was arrested gave him funds with which to purchase an automobile. McGowan denied the charge. He displayed valuable diamonds in court. He went to jail, however, in spite of his wife and counsel's efforts.

## Goethals Arrives at Colon.

COLON, March 26.—Colonel George W. Goethals and his wife arrived here this morning from the United States. With them are Dr. Marshall Gutchick, chief quarantine officer, and W. H. May, the newly-appointed marshal of the canal zone.

A farewell banquet is to be given tonight in honor of Lieutenant Colonel William Siebert.

## NEW FEET WHEN YOURS ARE TIRED

The Wonderful Foot-Joy, Speedway, Will Make Your Weary Soles Feel Fresh and Fine!

Put gladness into your feet—after the day's hard work—by rubbing them a little with Speedway! Just forget your feet, in fact, by removing all the itching, itching, itching, all the aches, with Speedway. Wonderful! That is what all Speedway users say of this real "road to quick relief." It is as sure as fate, and as gentle as toilet water.

Like magic, Speedway takes away the burning, smarting and throbbing—almost instantly. Your feet are left cooled and refreshed, the aching gone, and you feel like a new person.

Try Speedway this very day! Buy a bottle the first minute you get a chance and lose no time in proving to your complete satisfaction that it is the one sure relief for suffering feet.

Speedway cannot stain the skin or the delicatest fabric. It cannot burn or blister. On the contrary, it soothes and delights the moment it is applied. Rub thoroughly, full strength, on your weary feet, or on any stiff, joint, sprain or swelling. Schramm-Johnson Drugs.

"The Never-Substitutes." Five (5) Good Stores, join the makers of Speedway in absolutely guaranteeing it to you. That is claimed for it. It will give you relief and comfort, or you get your money back.

Put a bottle today and know real foot comfort, beginning tonight. (Advertisement.)

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## WORLD ESTABLISH LINE OF CRUISERS

Senator Weeks of Massachusetts Introduces Resolution Which Awakens Interest.

### WASHINGTON, March 26.—With a

view to developing communication between the United States and South America, Senator Weeks, Republican of Massachusetts, today introduced a resolution requesting the secretary of the navy to prepare a plan for establishing a line of naval cruisers to carry passengers, freight and mail between New York, New Orleans and Valparaiso, Chile, and intermediate ports.

The resolution designates as the ships to be utilized for such service the cruisers Columbia and Minneapolis and the scout cruisers Salem, Chester and Birmingham.

"At present South American mails are sent at long and sometimes at irregular intervals and all American mails south of the equator are carried in vessels sailing under a foreign flag," said Senator Weeks, explaining his resolution.

"The service is slow and this, it may be easily assumed, militates against the development of our trade with South America. If, later on, private capital undertakes a line over this route, I should be inclined to withdraw the government line."

"We are in the position of having spent \$400,000,000 in the building of a canal, one of the reasons for doing so being that it would aid in the extension of our foreign trade, but as far as I know there are no American steamers prepared to undertake this service."

Senator Weeks' proposal interested many southern and Pacific coast senators and there was animated discussion in which no opposition appeared.

## GOVERNMENT STEEL FACES GRAVE CRISIS

(Continued from Page One.)

colonies, will be promoted colonial secretary.

Another cabinet council will be held today before parliament assembles, so it is quite possible that there will be other and unexpected changes in the kaleidoscopic situation. Much interest is being shown in the almost daily conferences between Chamberlain, Lloyd-George, and James Ramsay MacDonald, the independent labor member, which are interpreted in some quarters as meaning a new coalition between the labor party and extreme radicals, which would place the land question and social reform to the forefront.

## GENERAL ELECTION MAY COME IN JUNE

LONDON, March 27.—Many renewed rumors appear in the morning papers of the possibility of postponing the general election of October until next year.

"A general election," it says, "must come shortly and the issue of popular rule and army dictatorship is bound to dominate it."

This probably means that the election will be held in June, directly after the home rule and Welsh disestablishment bills are passed.

The Times understands that Lord Haldane is engaged in drafting an explanatory document which may be addressed by General French to General Gough, to the satisfaction of both.

The Times' parliamentary correspondent alleges the existence of documentary evidence proving that the majority of the infantry officers in Ireland only agreed to go to Ulster on being informed that this was in accordance with the king's wish and in loyalty to His Majesty and the crown.

Communicated to them they had expressed their willingness to be dismissed rather than go.

## Determined to Resign.

DUBLIN, March 26.—A majority of the cavalry officers at Curragh adhere to their determination to resign rather than obey orders and serve against Ulster. They are indignant at what they term bad faith displayed by the government in repudiating the agreement made with Brigadier General Gough, commander of the Third cavalry brigade.

## JEALOUSY RESULTS IN MURDEROUS FIGHT

INDEPENDENCE, Kan., March 26.—William Petty and Andrew Medford, charged with taking part in a fight at Deering, near here, last night, in which Preston Seely was killed, Miss Isabel Stewart injured, probably fatally, and Medford hurt seriously, were arrested near Wann, Okla., today and brought to jail here.

Petty, the authorities say, was riding in a buggy with his stepson and another young woman's brother-in-law, when Seely, standing on the rear axle, attempted to pull Petty from the vehicle. Petty's horse became frightened and ran. In the fight that ensued while the speeding buggy careened from side to side Seely was shot dead. Miss Stewart was shot through the abdomen and a bullet penetrated Medford's right hand. Seely is said to have been jealous of Petty's attention to Miss Stewart.

## BOOK SWINDLERS ARE SENTENCED TO PRISON

BOSTON, March 26.—The jury in the so-called de luxe book case today returned a verdict of guilty against three defendants, Ole W. Farmer and James Powers of New York and Samuel Rosenfield of Chicago.

Rosenfield and Farmer were sentenced to state prison, the former for a term of six to eight years and the latter to from three to five years. Both obtained stay of sentence on notice of appeal.

Powers was given two and a half years in the house of correction and accepted his sentence without notice of appeal.

The men were accused of conspiracy to defraud Mrs. Mary L. Rogers of this city and of the larceny from her of \$47,000 by inducing her to advance money for the purchase of what were represented to be rare volumes.

## Fatal Auto Accident.

DALLAS, Texas, March 26.—Dr. Samuel P. Tipton, driver, and Mrs. Kate Leving and her son were crushed to death today when their automobile plunged over a forty-foot embankment. Three other occupants were hurt.

## TARIFF CASE MAY GO TO SUPREME COURT

Administration Determined to Test Validity of Five Per Cent Clause.

### WASHINGTON, March 26.—Admin-

istration officials are determined that the validity of the 5 per cent clause of the present tariff law, granting a 5 per cent discount on goods imported in American bottoms, shall be passed upon by the supreme court and not finally settled judicially by the court of customs appeals, now the final arbiter in customs cases.

Within the next few weeks efforts will be made in congress to enact legislation which will permit appeals to the supreme court from the customs court in important cases.

Attorney General McReynolds has recommended such legislation, and members of the judiciary committee of both houses are understood to favor it.

The board of general appraisers in New York recently decided that the discount must be granted, after the attorney general had rendered an opinion that it should not be allowed because under favorable conditions it was a matter of national policy to give a like discount, which would have the effect of granting a 5 per cent reduction on practically everything imported into the country.

The board held that the discount was applicable only to goods brought by American ships, and the importers have appealed to the court of customs appeals on that part of the decision. No appeal has been filed by the government, which is expected that William Wemple of New York, the assistant attorney general in charge of customs cases, will take such action within a few weeks.

The customs court will meet again in May, and if the ordinary course of business the discount case would come up at that time, unless congress acts quickly, it may be decided and out of the way before legislation providing for an appeal to the highest court can be enacted.

## ELECTION OFFICERS MUST GO TO PRISON

Thirteen Men Convicted of Having Made False Returns in New Jersey.

### JERSEY CITY, N. J., March 26.—

Convicted of the charge of having made false election returns, while serving on the Hoboken election boards in the primary election of September, 1913, thirteen election officers, eight Democrats and five Republicans, were today sentenced by Judges Mark A. Sullivan and George J. Tennant to serve not less than eighteen months nor more than three years in prison. The cases against two others were dismissed on the ground that an investigation had shown the errors in their returns to be accidental.

The Democratic election officers were found guilty of having counted opposition votes for machine candidates and the Republicans of having counted in favor of former Governor Stokes, who lost to Robert Carter, gubernatorial nomination candidate.

The sentenced men are William Maher, Leo J. Duffy, Gustave J. Ising, Alfred Lehman, William Burris, Thomas F. Brady, Louis Baeder, Thomas O'Reilly, John Matthews, Joseph Branley, and Jeremiah J. Ryan.

## CAPTAIN AND FIVE SAILORS DROWNED

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Loss at sea of the American schooner Hattie Simpson of Boston, with her captain and five other members of the crew, was reported to the navy department today in a relayed wireless message from the Canadian coast, where she had on board three survivors of the schooner.

Seeds—grass, garden and flower seeds. Bailey & Sons Co., 63 E. Second St. (Advertisement.)

## ALBERT FREEMAN IS ALLOWED NEW TRIAL

NEW YORK, March 26.—Albert Freeman, who was convicted with Julian Hawthorne and Dr. W. J. Morton today for the murder of Father Michael Kehoe, who served in the case as an improper juror, in that he had a "prejudicial bias."

Freeman, who was sentenced a year ago, has been at liberty under \$50,000 bail pending his appeal.

Freeman and Morton, convicted by the same jury, served sentences of a year, which was subsequently commuted.

## Indian Guilty of Murder.

STILWELL, Okla., March 26.—Tandy Folson, a Cherokee Indian, was found guilty today for the murder of Father Michael Kehoe, an Oklahoma politician, at Westville. He was sentenced to life imprisonment. Folson shot Kehoe to death during a quarrel over an estate in which both were interested.

## Rates Suspended.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Increased freight rates on cement ranging from 2 to 2 cents a hundred pounds, proposed by railroads operating throughout the middle west and northwest, were suspended today for the remainder of the commission until July 30. The proposed advances average about 15 per cent.

## For Freckled, Rough or Spotty Complexions

The freckling, discoloring or roughening of which delicate skins are subject to exposure to wind or sun, often appearing in early spring, may readily be gotten rid of. Mercolized wax, spread lightly over the face before retiring and removed in the morning with soap and water, completely peels off the disfigured skin. Get an ounce of the wax at any drug store. There's no more effective way of banishing freckles or other cutaneous defects. Little skin particles come off easily, so the process doesn't even temporarily mar the complexion, and one soon acquires a brand new, spotless, girlishly beautiful face.

Wrinkles caused by weather, worry or illness, are best treated by a simple solution of powdered salicylic, 1 oz. dissolved in 4 pt. witch hazel. Rubbing the face in this produces a truly marvelous transformation. (Advertisement.)

## FIGHT OVER TOLLS REPEAL IN HOUSE

(Continued from Page One.)

H. I will not stuff myself by voting for any such rule. I led the fight to liberate the speaker from the shackles of the house, thereby imperiling my future. We won that long and bitter fight, and it was the first Democratic victory in eighteen years. Time and time again I declared that I would not advocate a thing when in the majority that I would not advocate in the minority.

"The Democrats won the house in 1910, the first time in sixteen years. I was unanimously nominated for speaker and elected by every Democratic vote in the house, with the hearty good will of every Republican, because they believed that I am a truthful man. In order to liberalize the rules and practices of the house, I voluntarily relinquished a large portion of the powers of the speaker, which I could have retained by making a fight, but I honestly believed that the speaker had too much power under the old system for the good of the house and of our institutions."

## Will Keep the Faith.

"Among other things, I declared that I was in favor of throwing back open to ample discussion and amendment, and I am going to keep the faith. If I were to vote for the pending rule, I could not look the public in the face. I believe that I am speaking particularly of the tariff, but my statement is equally applicable to all great bills. Here is the situation."

"We have a rule reported on a bill on the greatest question presented in my twenty years in the house, besides the question of the tariff, which is a bill which, if passed, will change our foreign policy which we have maintained for 125 years, and only under this proposed rule and the right to amend is absolutely prohibited, and no intervening motion permitted except on matters of procedure. On such an important and far-reaching measure there should have been at least a week for discussion, but the rule of amendment, such as there is nothing sacred about the Sims bill and there is no reason for this much rule. I will not be a party to the enactment of a rule down the throats of members."

## Day in the Senate.

In the senate the day's activities on the toll question were limited to the introduction of a resolution proposed by Senator Lewis. This would provide that the amount and payment of tolls to be assessed equally upon the ships of all nations "shall be regulated jointly by the secretaries of war and the treasury, with the approval of the president."

This, was pointed out, would avoid the direct relinquishing of the right to discriminate in favor of American ships under the treaties.

## Speaker Criticized.

The speaker's statement aroused widespread discussion among both factions. The president's supporters immediately issued a statement in reply. Representative Shirley of Kentucky said:

"There is nothing in the rule that is unusual. It provides for three hours' debate on the rule and twenty hours on the bill. The nature of the rule has been known for days. It is surprising, to say the least, that the speaker should have seen fit to make the rule only after it was offered and the lines of battle drawn. We who are supporting a Democratic administration in upholding the national honor in the great question of amendment assault by the speaker, particularly when for the first time he has seen fit to make his true colors in opposition to the measure and to the Democratic party."

## Henry Attacks Clark.

Representative Henry of Texas, chairman of the rules committee, issued a statement in which he attacked the speaker for opposing the rule at this late hour and said:

"A very sensible man knows that he is now fixing to jump squarely into the camp of the president's enemies. Instead of opposing rules, not even a rule which would reveal his real sympathies, and march boldly over to the standard of the railroad and ship monopoly."

President Wilson was at the executive offices for an hour tonight. A copy of the statement by Speaker Clark was shown to him, but he made no comment for publication.

## PRESIDENT WILSON EXPLAINS POSITION

WASHINGTON, March 26.—President Wilson, in talking with callers today, argued that members of congress were not being asked to change their personal opinions on the tolls exemption, but to vote patriotic duty for its repeal in order to correct a serious international situation which threatened to embarrass the United States in future negotiations of treaties and trade agreements. The president told congressmen who visited the White house that those who based their opposition to the repeal on economic grounds were even to their individual interpretation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, were losing sight of the main point—the united and unanimous opposition of the civilized world against the tolls exemption. The president has been informed that the tolls exemption has been in effect since 1823.

## Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days.

Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. First application gives relief. 50c.

(Advertisement.)

## You probably haven't thought much about the sleeves of your coat; but our designers have. Badly designed sleeves spoil a coat that may otherwise be perfect.

This season, coats are made to fit the figure snugly; the sleeves must be designed to harmonize with that idea.

Notice how our designers do it.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

Good Clothes Makers

## CONFLICTING TALES FROM BATTLE SCENE

(Continued from Page One.)

cept a brief message last night that results had not been determined. Army officers here believe that Villa's situation is critical. They point out that it would be impossible for him to proceed on his march toward the city of Mexico leaving a strong federal base on his line of communications, while on the other hand he cannot remain indefinitely in his present position outside President in food, water and ammunition. The necessity of gathering most of his troops at the front has thinned the constitutional leader's lines of communication with his base at Chihuahua and if these should be cut by a force of federals from Saltillo or Monterrey the rebel army would be in a desperate plight. The army strategists here are convinced, therefore, that if Villa does not succeed in breaking down the opposition at Torreon quickly he will be obliged to undertake a hurried retreat to Chihuahua to reorganize and strengthen his forces.

Conditions along the Texas border are much better than they normally are, according to information reaching President Wilson. The president told callers that newspaper editorials and the judgment of impartial observers showed that good material by the raids and border difficulties which occur ordinarily had been stopped.

## POSITIONS OF THE ARMIES UNCHANGED

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, March 26.—An official report today says that the rebel army has established headquarters within a mile of Gomez Palacio and are trying to get closer to Torreon. Fierce fighting has been going on in the relative positions of the opposing armies with respect to Torreon are practically unchanged.

## JUAREZ, Mexico, March 26.—General

formed that the press of South America, speaking, he thinks, almost exclusively of the rest of the world in the view that the United States is interpreting treaties to suit itself, regardless of obligations.

## Question Not Personal.

Mr. Wilson emphasized that it was no personal question with him, although he himself believed the tolls exemption was a form of ship subsidy and a mistaken economic policy as well as a breach of the treaty. He reiterated that he did not go to congress with his message to express his personal views, but to state a situation which had arisen internationally, involving circumstances which were ready to change their votes now, because he knew they could not have foreseen the world-wide protest at that time.

## Believes Repeal Vital.

Asked what the international situation was, the president explained that as long as the judgment of the whole world was unanimously against the United States on a question of national honor and a treaty obligation, foreign governments generally would not be enthusiastic about entering into further treaties or trade agreements. For this reason he held it as vital to repeal the tolls exemption clause.

There was deep feeling in the president's voice as he explained the situation to one group of callers. He referred to the American nation as too big and powerful to be ungenerous or capricious in its construction of treaties. The United States, he believes, is too big to say, "We will do just as little as possible and as we please in interpreting our obligations." He insisted that the thing for the United States to do was voluntarily and ungrudgingly to make its own ships pay tolls on an equality with other nations, as the points involved were too small as compared with the international inconvenience and loss of prestige which he thinks permanently would be occasioned.

## CHILDREN FOR FLETCHER CASTO QUEEN OF BULGARIA WILL VISIT

SOFIA, Bulgaria, March 26.—Queen Eleonora of Bulgaria is expected to visit the United States in May. Her majesty proceeded to Hamburg on May 21.

Queen Eleonora was reigning queen of the United States, probably the only one of American princesses which she has always interested.